RESOLUTION NO. 2012-301

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PARKER, FLORIDA CONCERNING ANTI-DISPLACEMENT AND RELOCATION POLICY (07.02); REPEALING ALL RESOLUTIONS IN CONFLICT HEREWITH AND RECITING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PARKER, FLORIDA AS FOLLOWS:

1. Displacement Avoidance Policy.

The City of Parker ("City") is committed to a policy to make all reasonable efforts to ensure that activities undertaken through the use of Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") and/or other federal funding will not cause unnecessary displacement or relocation. Such federally funded programs will be administered in such a manner that careful consideration is given during the planning phase with regard to avoiding displacement. The City will also provide information to and keep citizens involved in the process regarding pending land use changes, zoning and rezoning actions that threated the preservation of residential areas. Involuntary displacement shall be reserved as a last resort action necessitated only when no other alternative is available and when the activity is determined necessary in order to carry out a specific goal or objective that is of benefit to the public. In this case, community development and housing programs will be planned in a manner which avoids displacement of households or business.

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However, "voluntary" relocation (temporary or permanent) may be necessary in order to achieve a benefit to a household or business (such as rehabilitation or replacement of the building). Such benefits shall be identified and requested by the displacede. Voluntary relocation may also occur when a property owner voluntarily offers his home or business property for sale to the City. In these cases, the seller may be required to waive rights as a condition of sale of the property, and the Uniform Relocation Act provisions will apply. 24 C.F.R. Part 570, as may be amended or superseded, is a governing document on displacement and is incorporated by 49 C.F.R. Part 24, as amended or superseded, reference. Uniform provides Relocation Act information and is incorporated by reference. As pertains to the City's Tenant Assistance, Relocation and Real Property Acquisition Plan, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Handbook #1378, shall be adopted in its entirety as a part of this policy as amended.

2. Definitions of "Standard" and "Non-Standard Suitable for Rehabilitation" Dwelling Unit Condition.

In the absence of federal and state provided definitions, the following is provided to establish a frame of reference and contest when dealing with matters of displacement and/or relocation as defined in 24 C.F.R. Part 570 and 49 C.F.R. Part 24, all as amended or superseded.

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A. Standard Condition

A dwelling unit is considered "standard" if it has no major defects or only slight defects which are correctable through the course of regular maintenance. It must be in total compliance with applicable City, county and state housing and occupancy codes; be structurally sound, watertight, and in good repair; be adequate in size with respect to number of rooms and area of living space and contain the following:

(1) A safe electrical wiring system adequate for lighting and other normal electrical devices.

(2) A separate, well-lighted and ventilated bathroom that provides user privacy and contains a sink, commode, and bathtub or shower stall, all in good working order and properly connected.

(3) An appropriate, sanitary and approved source of hot and cold potable water.

(4) An appropriate, sanitary and approved sewage drainage system.

(5) A fully usable sink in the kitchen, attached to a potable water source.

(6) Adequate space and service connections

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for a stove and a refrigerator.

(7) An unobstructed egress to a safe, open area at ground level.

(8) Contain a heating system capable of sustaining a healthful temperature.

(9) Have no barriers which would preclude ingress or egress if the occupant is handicapped.

(10) Meet the Section 8 Housing Quality Standards.

(11) Comply with the lead-based paint requirements of 24 C.F.R. Part 35, as amended or superseded.

(12) Meet the requirement of the local existing Housing Code.

Failure to meet any of these criteria automatically causes a dwelling to not be considered "standard."

B. <u>Substandard Condition Suitable for</u> Rehabilitation

A dwelling unit is considered substandard if it does not fully comply with the standard criteria, does not comply with the adopted existing housing code, has minor defects which required a certain amount of correction but can still provide safe and adequate shelter, does not meet the HUD

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Section 8 Quality Standards, or has major defects requiring a great deal of correction and will be safe and adequate once repairs are made.

To be suitable for rehabilitation, a trained housing specialist must carefully inspect the dwelling and prepare a work write-up of repairs necessary to bring it up to standard condition. A cost estimate of repairs will be prepared based on the needs identified in the work write-up. If these costs are equal to or less than 75% of the fair market value of a comparable unit in standard condition as obtained from more than one licensed contractor, the dwelling will be considered suitable for rehabilitation. If the predicted cost exceeds 75% of fair market value after completion of the rehabilitation, the unit will be deemed unsuitable.

This criteria is arbitrary, however, and the City Council may authorize deviations based on the unique aspects of each dwelling, owner, tenant, etc. on a case-by-case basis by vote of the City Council. Each deviation so approved must be thoroughly documented.

3. Permanent, Involuntary Displacement

The City will provide reasonable relocation 5 2012-301

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assistance to persons (families, individuals, businesses and nonprofit organizations) displaced (moved permanently and involuntarily) as a result of the use of CDBG/federal assistance to acquire or substantially rehabilitate property. Assistance to displaced persons may include: a) payment for actual moving and relocation expenses documented by receipts and/or vouchers from service providers and utility companies (the documents shall be submitted prior to the disbursement of payment); b) advisory services necessary to help in relocating; and c) financial assistance sufficient to enable the displaced person to lease and occupy a suitable, decent safe and sanitary replacement dwelling where the cost of rent and utilities does not exceed 30 percent of the household gross income of a family earning 80 percent of the median income for the jurisdiction.

A. Provisions for One-for-One Replacement

The City will replace all occupied and vacant occupiable low-moderate-income dwelling units demolished or converted to use other than as low/moderate-income (sometimes hereafter as "LMI") housing as a direct result of activities assisted with funds provided under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and as described in 24 C.F.R. Part 570, as amended or

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superseded. Replacement low/moderate-income units may include public housing or existing housing receiving Section 8 project based-assistance. All replacement housing will be provided within three years of the commencement of the demolition or rehabilitation relating to conversion and will meet the following requirements:

 The units will be located within the City.

(2) The units will meet all applicable local housing, building, and zoning ordinances and will be in standard, or better condition.

(3) The units will be designed to remain low/moderate-income dwelling units for at least 10 years from the date of initial occupancy (applies to initial tenant only).

(4) The units will be sufficient in size and number (functionally equivalent) to house at least the number of occupants who could have been housed in the units that are demolished or converted.

Before obligating or expending CBDG/federal funds that will directly result in such demolition or conversion, the local government will make public and submit to the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity

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and/or the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development the following information in writing:

(1) A description of the proposed assisted activity.

(2) The general location on an area map including approximate number of dwelling units by size (number of bedrooms) that will be demolished or converted to a use other than low/moderate-income dwelling units.

(3) A time schedule for commencement and completion of the demolition or conversion.

(4) The general location on a service area map and approximate number of dwellings units by size (number of bedrooms) that will be provided as replacement units.

(5) Identification of the source of funding at the time of submittal and the time frame, location and source for the replacement dwelling unit.

(6) The basis for concluding that each replacement dwelling.

(7) Information demonstrating that any proposed replacement of a unit with a smaller unit is consistent with the housing needs of LMI persons in the jurisdiction.

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B. <u>Provisions for Relocation Assistance for</u> Residential Displacement

The City will provide relocation assistance, as described in 24 C.F.R. Part 570, as amended or superseded, to each low/moderate-income household involuntarily displaced by the demolition of housing or by the conversion of a low/moderateincome dwelling to another use as a direct result of CDBG/federally assisted activities. Persons that are relocated are entitled to:

 A choice between actual reasonable moving expenses or a fixed expense and dislocation allowance.

(2) Advisory services.

(3) Reimbursement for reasonable and necessary security deposits and credit checks.

(4) Interim living costs.

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Replacement housing assistance which may (5)include а Section 8 housing voucher/certificate and referral to assisted units; cash rental assistance to reduce the rent and utility cost or lump sum payment equal the present value of rental to assistance installments to be used toward purchasing an interest in housing а

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cooperative or mutual housing association for a period up to 60 months (5 years).

C. Provisions for Non-Residential Relocation

Businesses, non-profit organizations, etc., shall not be relocated unless the move is voluntary, essential to the project from the public review, and the owner waives higher rights under the Uniform Act, except for the following relocation assistance:

moving and reasonable (1)Actual reestablishment expenses not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$20,000.00 equal to a pro rata share for the period of interruption of annual net operations of the earnings. Average annual net earnings are one half of the entity's net earnings before taxes during the two taxable years immediately prior to the taxable year it was displaced.

(2) No other benefits will be provided and a signed waiver acknowledging the fact will be required.

4. Temporary, Voluntary Displacement and Relocation

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A. Persons occupying housing which is to be rehabilitated using CDBG/federal funds must voluntarily agree to inclusion in the program and

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shall temporarily vacate the housing at the direction of the City (or its designee) in order to facilitate the safe, timely and economical rehabilitation process.

B. A moving allowance of \$200.00 will be provided each family unit so displaced. This allowance will be provided in two payments of \$100.00 each on move out and move back in.

The City may provide a safe, decent and С. sanitary housing unit for use as temporary relocation housing. The unit shall be available free of charge to temporarily displaced households for the time period authorized by the Mayor, generally for the period of rehabilitation construction. Households who occupy the unit shall have a \$75.00 refundable deposit withheld from their initial moving allowance payment. The deposit shall be refunded in full immediately after the relocation unit is vacated in a clean and undamaged condition. The deposit refund shall be denied in full or in part for payment of damages to the owner/lessee due to the occupants, (a) failure to properly clean or maintain the unit, (b) physical damage to the unit (c) loss of keys to the units, or (d) need for any special condition such

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as fumigation. A \$25.00 per day penalty may also be assessed for a household's failure to properly vacate the relocation unit when directed to do so by the Mayor.

D. A storage allowance up to \$100.00 will be provided each family unit displaced if storage is necessary and essential to the move.

E. Insurance cost up to \$100.00 for the replacement value of the household property in connection with the move will be provided each family unit displaced if storage is necessary and essential to the move.

5. Permanent, Voluntary Displacement and Relocation.

If it is determined by the City that the occupants of a dwelling should be permanently relocated and the occupants voluntarily consent, the courts will assist in the relocation to a decent, safe and sanitary dwelling unit. Benefits, if provided, will be limited to increases in monthly housing costs incurred by the occupant in an amount equal to the lesser of 60 times the increase or 30 percent of the person's annual income. 24 C.F.R. Part 570 must be consulted to determine specific limitation. Payment of relocation benefits for housing assistance will be spread over 60 months (or 42 months for non-LMI relocatees).

6. Tenant Assistance Policy/Federal Rental Rehabilitation 03/06/2012 12 2012-301 Program.

A. It is not the City's policy to displace families in rental units. Participating landlords will be required to warrant that the proposed rehabilitation will not cause any tenant to be permanently displaced unless the owner will be able to relocate the tenant displaced in accordance with HUD relocation criteria. Rehabilitation funds will not be used to rehabilitate the rental units if the rehabilitation will cause the permanent displacement of LMI families.

B. If it becomes necessary for an owner to temporarily move a tenant from a unit as a direct result of rehabilitation assisted through rental rehabilitation funds, the owners will assure that the tenant is offered a decent, safe and sanitary dwelling unit at an affordable rate as described in the applicable regulations. No tenant will be considered displaced if the owner has offered the tenant a decent, safe, sanitary and affordable unit and the tenant has declined the offer.

C. Should temporary displacement become necessary for a LMI family as a result of the rental rehabilitation assistance, the owner will assure that tenants are provided the necessary financial

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assistance, information, counseling, referrals and housing location options regarding Federal Fair Housing and other relocation services as needed without regard to race, color, religion, sex, familial status, age, handicap, or national origin, so as to enable the family to obtain decent, safe and sanitary housing at an affordable rent.

D. The Housing Authority of the City or the City itself shall provide federal preference to any qualified LMI family subject to relocation. Where Section 8 Housing vouchers are available, such preference will apply.

E. Where required, compensation to obtain replacement housing shall not exceed \$20,000.00 threshold. Should such projected compensation to the tenant exceed this threshold, consideration shall be given to not performing the demolition rehabilitation which would cause the displacement.

7. Displacement of Homeowners

When rehabilitation of the swelling is not feasible or cost effective, demolition of a house with CDBG/federal funds may be considered only as a voluntary action by the homeowner.

Although homeowners have a right to assistance as previously discussed, CDBG/federal funds available for 03/06/2012 14 2012-301 relocation are limited. Therefore, financial assistance shall not exceed that described in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 24.401, as amended or superseded, and the regulations under U.S. HUD Handbook 1378.

8. Appeals/Counseling

A. If a claim for assistance is denied by the City, the claimant may appeal, w here applicable to either the State of Florida or U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and their decision shall be final unless a court determines the decision was arbitrary and capricious.

B. Counseling will be provided to displacees in the areas of household finance, fair housing rights, real estate transactions, and locating and evaluating replacement housing options. Counseling shall be provided by the Mayor or the Mayor's designated agency to permanently ensure that:

(1) No person is discriminated against based upon age, race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, national origin, or present of children in the household.

(2) Displacees receive information concerning the full range of housing opportunities within the local housing market.

9. All other resolutions or parts of resolutions of the City 03/06/2012 15 2012-301 of Parker in conflict with the provisions of this Resolution are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, or clause hereof or 10. any provision of this Resolution is declared to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining provisions of this Resolution shall be unaffected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect.

This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its 11. passage.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Parker, Florida on this 6th day of March, 2012.

CITY OF PARKER

<u>Onya Barrow, Mayor</u>

TTEST: CLERK ADONNA MULLEN,

Examined and approved by me, this 6th day of March, 2012. <u>Joneya</u> Barch, 2012. TONYA BARROW, MAYOR